

Pseudo-Nonlinear analysis of reinforced concrete structures based on Moment-Curvature relationships

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ABSTRACT

Reinforced concrete (RC) structures are commonly designed to satisfy two criteria of serviceability and strength. To ensure these two criteria, it is necessary to accurately predict not only the cracking and deflection under service loads but also the resisting capacity under the ultimate loads, and these predictions are based on the material nonlinear analysis of RC structures. As the nonlinear analysis requires great computational effort for iterations with the adoption of many load steps, a simple but effective numerical approach which can describe the nonlinear behavior of RC structures has been asked to be introduced. With this background, this paper introduces a numerical solution procedure which can simulate the nonlinear behavior of RC structures through the pseudo-nonlinear analysis. Instead of taking the sophisticated layered section approach, the moment-curvature relation of RC section is based. Upon the consideration of the characteristics in the moment-curvature relation, the bending stiffness at the cracking stage is directly evaluated and, in advance, the loading steps are minimized. Considering the plastic hinge length in the finite element discretization of RC structures leads to a significant reduction in the number of elements used. The validity of the introduced numerical solution procedure is established by correlation studies between the analytical results and experimental data, and additional parametric studies for various RC structures are performed to examine the applicability of the introduced approach.

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